A New Nation: The United States of America

e	11	Time and Change			
	1. Turn to pages 1000 of the Atlas. Read the overview. Also compare the map "North America, 1783" with the map "North America, 1763" on page 37. Write if the statement is true and F if the statement is false.				
		a.	The United States was officially recognized in 1783.		
		b.	The western boundary of the United States was the Appalachian Mountains.		
		c.	Spain gained territory after the Revolutionary War		
	d. More of North America was claimed in 1783 than in 1763.		More of North America was claimed in 1783 than in 1763.		
		e.	The U.S. Constitution was written in 1781.		
*	Pla	ices	, Regions, and Landscapes		
	ok at the map "Western Land Claims." Also look at the graph "A Small Population" I the picture on page . Use the information to answer the following questions.				
		a.	Which two states had the largest land claims in the West?		
		b.	Which five states had no claims in the West?		
		c.	How many people lived in the United States in 1790?		
		d.	Was the West densely populated in 1781?		
		e.	Who actually lived in the West?		
te	Pe	opl	e and Cultures		
	3. Look at the graph "People of the New Nation." Use the information to complete the following sentences.				
		a.	The largest ethnic group in the United States was the		
		b.	The second largest group was the		
		c.	Germans made up percent of the population.		



★ United States History ★

Location

4. Look at the maps "Western Land Claims" and "United States." Match the new territory or state with the states that previously claimed it.

New Territory or State

- **a.** Territory South of Ohio River •
- **b.** Northwest Territory •
- c. Vermont •

Previous State Claims

- New York, North Carolina South Carolina, Georgia
- New York, New Hampshire
- Virginia, New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut

Thinking About History

New Nation" and the picture on page . Use the information to complete the following paragraph.			
African Americans made up percent of the population of the			
United States in 1790 states began to abolish slavery after the			
Revolution. By 1800, north of Maryland, only two states— and			
had a slave population over 1%. South of Pennsylvania, only			
the states of, and			
had a slave population of less than 30%. Slavery also			
expanded into western territories. The Territory had a slave			
population over 30% in 1800. Most of the slaves in these southern states and			
territories worked on			

History Through Maps

6. Look again at the map "Slavery in the New Nation." Use the information to rank the states from lowest to highest percentage of slaves in the population.

Sta	ite	Percent of Slaves
a.	Massachusetts	
b.	New Jersey	
c.	Tennessee	
d.	North Carolina	
e.	Georgia	

